THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI R. L. BHATIA): (a) Yes, Sir. The location of the Indian Liaison Office is under consideration.

(b) The Palestinian Liberation Organisation (PLO), which India has recognized as the sole representative of the Palestinian people opened its office in New Delhi in January, 1975. India accorded full diplomatic recognition to the PLO Office in New Delhi in March, 1980.

दिल्ली में आत्महत्या के मामले

2280. **प्रो० विजय कुमार मल्होत्रा:** क्या गृह मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

(क) पिछले तीन वर्षों के दौरान दिल्ली में प्रति-वर्ष कितने-कितने व्यक्तियों ने आत्महत्या की;

(ख) इसमें पुरुषों और महिलाओं की संख्या कितनी-कितनी है; और

(ग) दहेज के कारण आत्महत्या करने वाली महिलाओं की संख्या कितनी है?

गृह मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री पी० एम० सईद): (क) से (ग) दिल्ली पुलिस द्वारा प्रस्तुत सूचना निम्न प्रकार से है:—

			1992	1993	1994	1995 (30.6.95 तक)
(i)	उन व्यक्तियों की संख्या जिन्होंने पिछले तीन वर्षों के दौरान आत्महत्या की।		870	1110	837	465
(ii)	पुरुष और महिलाओं की संख्या	पुरुष	588	728	558	251
	(अलग-अलग)	महिला	282	382	279	214
(iii)	उन महिलाओं की संख्या जिन्होंने दहेज के कारण आत्म हत्या की।		72	97	93	60

Security Council's Authority over International weapons treaty

2281. SHRI K.M. KHAN: Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether India and other non-aligned countries are against the move of Security Council to arrogate itself full authority over international weapons treaties;

(b) if so, details thereof with names of countries supporting determined resistance of India;

(c) whether Government have taken various steps including taking up the issue with other foreign countries not on the belt of non-alignment; and

(d) if so, the details thereof with achievements made so far, and if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI PRANAB MUKHERJEE): (a) to (d) On 12 July, 1995, Argentina, a non-permanent member of the UN Secretary council, tabled a draft resolution which stated that "the proliferation of all weapons of mass destruction constitutes a threat to international peace and security" and affirmed the Security Council's responsibility "to address threats to international peace and security stemming

from the proliferation of such weapons" A large number of NAM countries, including India, have conveyed reservations on the resolution. Government's view contained in a letter to the President of the UN Security Council dated 12 July, 1995 has been circulated to all members of the UN. A final decision on the draft resolution is yet to be taken.

Signing Extradition Treaty with foreign countries

2282. SHRI K. R. MALKANI: Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) what are the countries with which we have extradition treaties;

(b) what are the countries with which we do not have extradition treaty; and

(c) whether Government would consider signing extradition treaties with all the countries in view of the fact that crime has become very much international?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI R. L. BHATIA): (a) and (b) We have extradition treaties with Bhutan, Belgium, Canada, Nepal, Netherlands, the United Kingdom and the United States of America. These treaties are currently in force. Though we do not have extradition treaties with any other country, extradition arrangements exist with Sri Lanka, Thailand, Switzerland, Sweden, Australia, Papua New Guinea, Singapore, Fiji and Tanzania.

(c) At present efforts are being made by the Government to conclude extradition treaties with Hong Kong, Federal Republic of Germany, UAE, France and a new extradition treaty with U.S.A.

NSCN insurgents in Bangladesh and Myanmar Border

2283. SHRI N. GIRI PRASAD: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether the newsitem "NSCN insurgents escape unscathed" which appeared in Hindustan Times dated 28th June, 1995 has come to Government's notice;

(b) whether it is a fact that the insurgents are freely moving between India, Bangladesh and Myanmar and security forces are not even challenging them because of inferior quality of weapons;

(c) how did the clashes take place between security forces themselves leading to casualities; and

(d) what are the steps contemplated to curb the insurgency in the North Eastern States?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI P. M. SAYEED): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) No, Sir.

(c) A series of steps have been taken which inter-alia include strengthening of deployment of Security Forces in the sensitive areas and gearing up of intelligence machinery; sensitisation of neighbouring countries to ensure that the militants/insurgents do not get aid, assistance and facilities from their territory for carrying out activities directed against India, declaration of the concerned associations/groups as unlawful under the unlawful Activities (Prevention) Act, 1967; declaration of affected areas as 'Disturbed Area' under the Armed Forces (Special Powers) Act, 1958 as amended from time to time, firm handling of those indulging in violent activities, motivating them to join the national mainstream provided they abjure violence and agree to work within the Constitution.